

Global Environmental Politics—2014

Lecture 24: Environmental Politics in the Age of Consequences



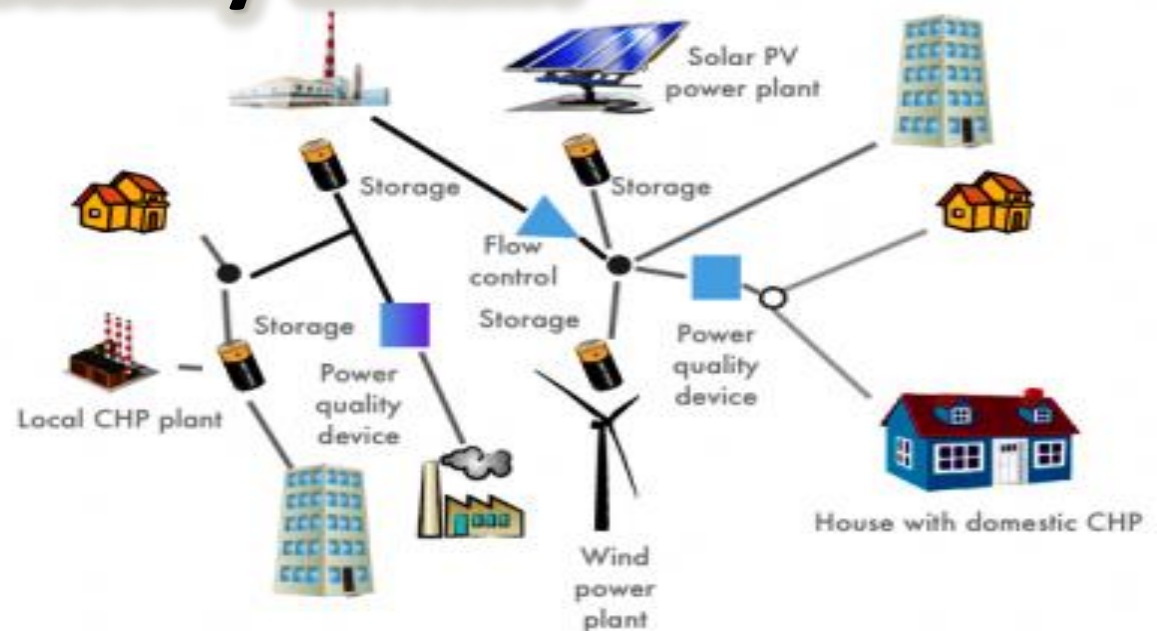
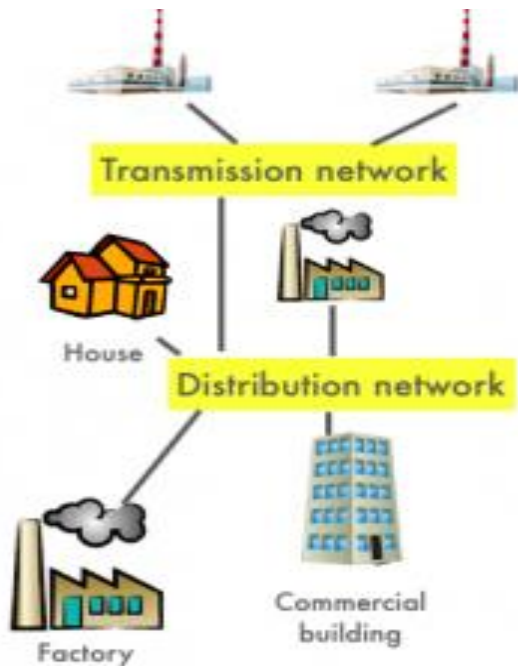
Dr Ben Habib



**Attachment
and the
Audacity of
Hope**



What Might Systemic Change May Actually Entail?



Appreciating the Edge: Learning to Value Alternative Perspectives



Ecocentrism

Environment



Human Society



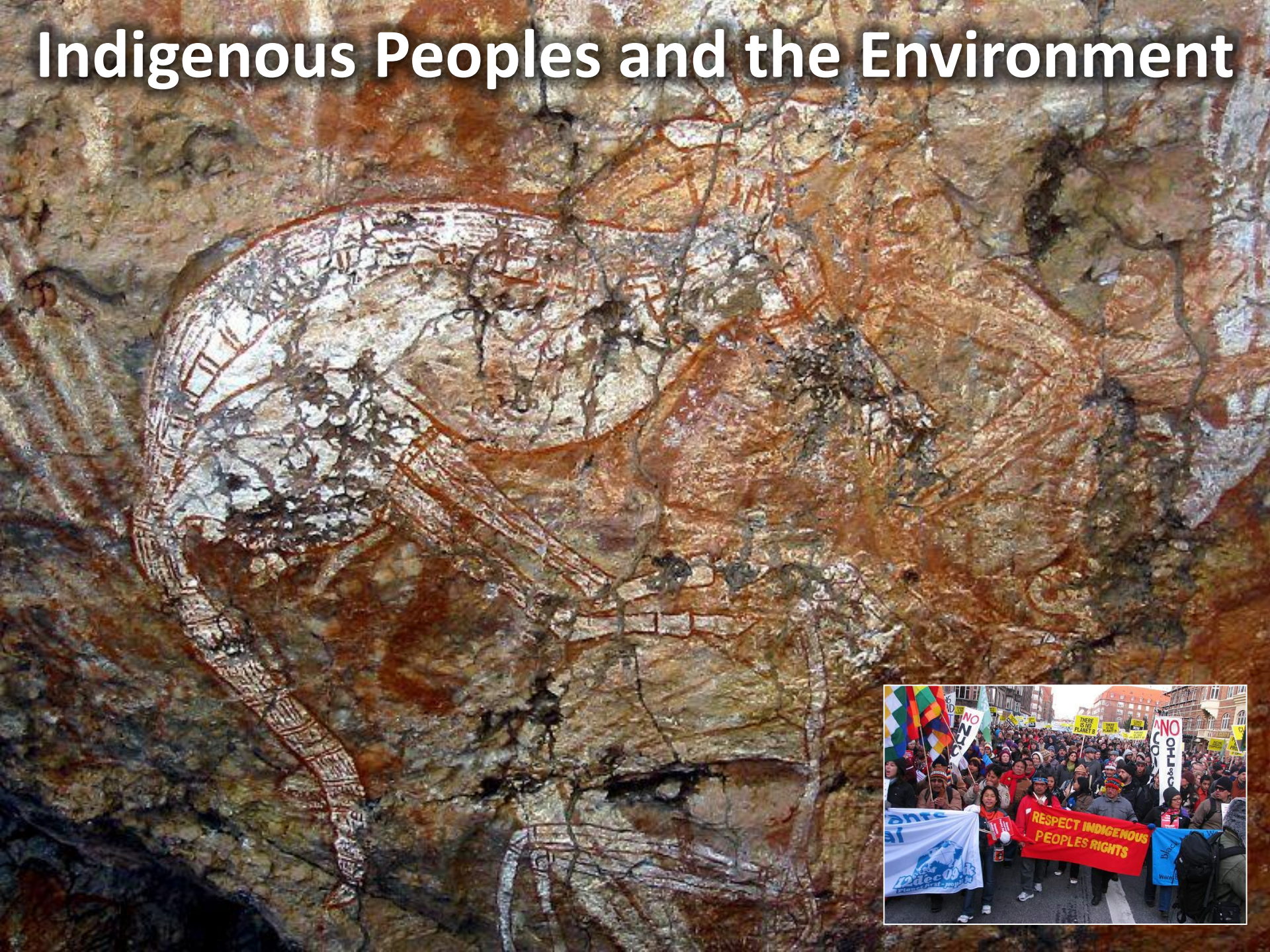
Economy



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KUNLUN SHAN

Indigenous Peoples and the Environment



A New Politics for the Age of Consequences

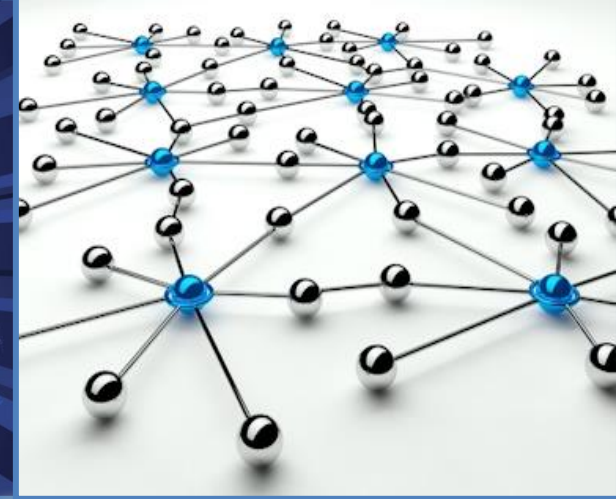


Holistic Politics



Changing the Facts on the Ground





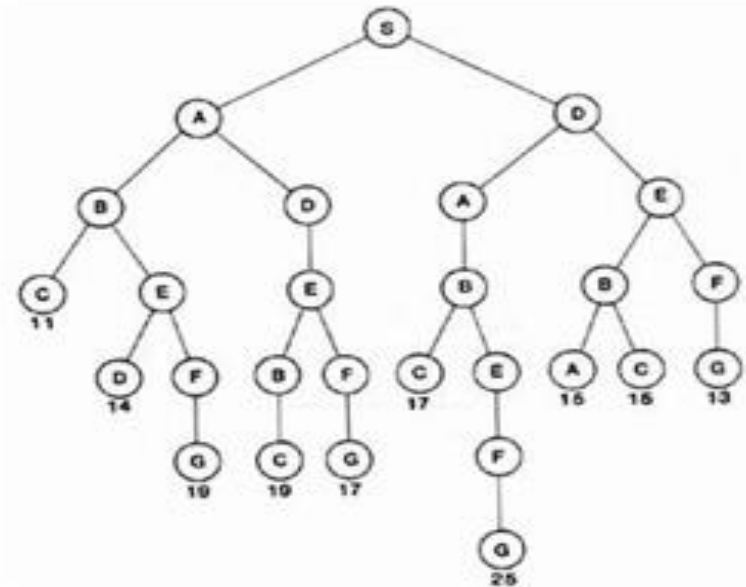
Horizontal Networks

types of organization



Visualized by InFlow 3.0 Software
<http://www.orgnet.com/inflow3.html>

network



hierarchy

Building the Socio-Economic Infrastructure for a Post-Growth World



Post-Growth Economics



Ecological Economics Model: All human activity is embedded in the environment

Energy from sun →

THE ENVIRONMENT:

INPUTS (Natural resources, energy)

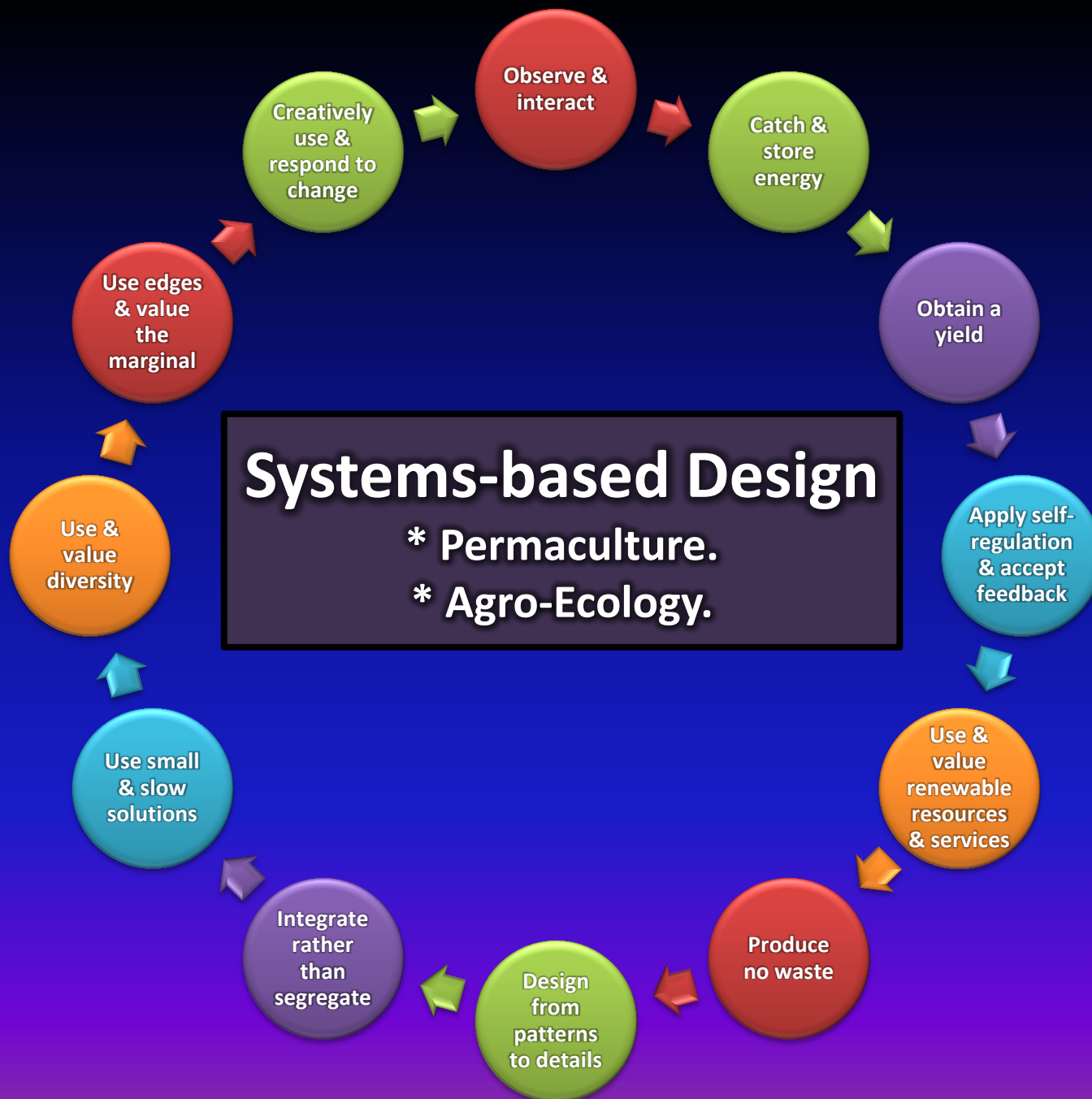
HUMAN ACTIVITY (Economic, food systems)

OUTPUTS (Wastes)

Recycling of matter.

Heat loss (to atmosphere)

<http://www.pelicanweb.org/SusanSantone2.jpg>





Sharing and Gift Economies

INTRODUCING...

FARM HACK

The DIY farm tool blog:
Where farmers share their best inventions, modifications, innovations, fixes and ideas to make their farms work better.

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creative commons

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Transition Towns





Food Sovereignty

food Sovereignty

"Food Sovereignty is the right of peoples to healthy and culturally appropriate food produced through ecologically sound and sustainable methods, and their right to define their own food and agriculture systems. It puts the aspirations and needs of those who produce, distribute and consume food at the heart of food systems and policies rather than the demands of markets and corporations."

~ Nyeleni Declaration
February 2007



